No Date Location UTM Surveyor Total	V Participants Question1 Question2 Women IP IP % Language Speak Relig	Question3 Question4 igion Belief Important person 1	Question5 (Range from first priority to low priority) 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Question6 Question7 (Range from first priority to low priority) Day/ Week Kg/day Fish Species 1 2 3 4 5 6	Question8 Question9 Outsider Fishing Where From CFi Estab	to Hunting Species For Sale/eat	Sale Where Who buy Outside hunting	Question11 er Where From Fa	Question12Question13Question14TimberCFiWant to establishSeasonal Calendar	Question15 Question16 Village Map Family Own Land No. Family Own Farm Land Family no Land	nd NRM Availability Development a services	Question17 & Climate Cultural changes	Land use Livelihoods Resource	ces Environment Livelihoods Na	Question19 Itural Resources Environment	Who can assist? How NGO Help-Livelihood How NGO Help	Question22 Question23 NRM IP Ideas IP Ideas	Question24 Question25 Question26 Negative Impacts Village Population Current Law	Question27 Question27 Legal France	neworks How Project Help?	Question30 IP/CDP Remarks
1 11-Jun-10 Oh-Kok village, OhKrieng Commune, Kratie OhKrieng Cipine (WWF), and Mr. Theng Lipine (WWF)	9 Phnong (29 100 Phnong, Khmer Budd families)	Idhism Spirit Village elder- Mr. Ke Farm Phay, Moul Sok, (Rice Antert Suy Crop	ing Small Fishing NTFP Hunting Labor Timber Small Business	7 2 Real, Ka-ek, Chhlang, Kya, Krabey, Kes, Por, Pra, Chhdor Gillnet Hook line (Chan) Trap (Chan) (Leay) ponds	Yes Sambo, Koh Tnot, Sandan, Keng Prasat, Koh-Preng, KohPot, KohReal, KohDeokpor, KompongLeu, Donmeas	Red-manjack, deer, rabbit, wild pig, sale some squirrel, monitor, snake, tortoise, civetetc	Oh-Krieng, KohKhgnar, Villagers buy to eat concession company	Sambo, Koh Tnot, Sandan, Keng Prasat, Koh-Preng, KohPot, KohReal, KohDeokpor, KompongLeu, Donmeas	Yes Yes (attached	Yes (attached) land land certificate) certificate)	Fish, Forest and NTFP decrease due to increasing fishing, modern fishing gear, land concession Having road, school and increase numb of houses	Very change, long drought, storm Decrease spirit belief, wear Khmer shirt, Speak Khmer and Phnong, No more handicraft of shirt	can't extend farmland concern. Small concern. due to Land farmland, Decrease	Third concern. Increase rice, livestock, Pollution, Keep fishing, hunting, and labor Increase rice, livestock, Increase ri	rengthening CF, otect forest. Rubbish bin, Awareness, law enforcement	NGO, and Government Authorities Rice production, small livestock, cropping, fish raising (both materials and technique) Establish CFi, strengthening 0	F. raised by the project community have better		Not so effective, due to no cooperation from fishery officers, only CF themselves patrolled two times a month	Awareness on NRM laws, Stop all illegal activities especially do by Police themselves, Establish CFi, Provide alternative livelihoods both materials and technique, reorganize saving group.	upport- CED established CF and community is very
2 10-Jun-10 Kampong Pnov village, Koh Khngaer commune, Kratie	12 Phnong (16 families) Phnong, (16 families) Phnong, (16 families) Rhmer Phnong, (16 families) Rhmer Phnong, (16 families)	Idhism= Spirit (but families who is Christian, don't believe Spirit) Spirit (but families who is Chantha, Som Kan, (Rice Crop	67% 100% 100% 100% 30% 10% Small Livestock Fishing NTFP Timber Hunting Small Business 92% 100% 50% 15% 10% 7% 100%	7 0.5 Real, Ka-ek, Chhlang, Krabey, Kes, Chhdor, Chapin, Kahe, kombot Chramos, Amboung, Khcheng	Yes Sambo, Koh Tnot, Sandan, Keng Prasat, Koh-Preng, KohPot, KohReal, KohDeokpor, KompongLeu, Donmeas, Kbal Kchour (mostly illegal fishing)	Red-manjack, deer, rabbit, wild pig, sale some squirrel, monitor, civet, snake, tortoise, monkey, doves, parrot	in village, Middle man, Yes willagers buy to sell in Sambo	KohCbar, Sambo, 15 KohTnot	No Yes yes (attached	Yes (attached) land certificate) certificate) 10	Fish decrease due to outsiders come, deforestation caused by Land Concession Comp: Kama-ino, sandy beach extending The same, have school, increased diseases caused by Chemical from Land Concession Company	ve a Very change, hot, long drought for two years Decrease spirit belief, since last 2years due to new religion comes	Soil nutrition decrease, Land Concession, remain small farming land, increase population, First con		sing fish, stop illegal tivities, protect village, Environmenta awareness, rubbish bins	NGOs, Government, Fishery Department NGOs, Support livestock raising include materials and technique, crop growing, market, and credit Strengthening of Established CF, enforcement from government	Agree with all activities No more, enough raised by the project om the	No impact 84 families, 412 people - 198women Fishery law, landed law	Not effective, especially landed law, but fishery law is better implemented reserve la families a with 2000 and total	Kbal Chour m2/family and is 3ha	lave CIP/CDP, mostly construct ocal bridge, drill wells, they plan of train on fish raising but no octivities yet. Oxfam Australia oupported cow bank, rice bank, uilt a school, toilets. Saving and ig bank established but now ailed.
3 11-Jun-10 Saimbok village, Saibok commune, Stung Treng 0600511 - Mr. Lor Kimsan (WWF), 22 Miss. So Sokhary (CED), Mr. Tan Somebunavath (WWF)	13 Kouy (51 34.93 Kouy, Khmer Budd	worker: Mrs. Meas (Rice Sokhom	Fishing Small Timber NTFP Hunting Vegetable Small Growing Business	3 3 Gillnet Cash net Hook line Trap (Chan) (Sayien)	Yes Svay, Kang Memay, Kang Yes Deysor, and Koh Kantoykor	Tortoise, monitor, sale snake, monkey, wild pig, deer, civet, redmanjack	in village Three middle man in village	Oh-lang, Kngok, and Pchoul	Yes yes (attached	Yes (attached) land land certificate) 5 (attached)	Fish decrease, some fish species are endanger such as: Trey Trasok and Koul Rang, Still trafficking wildlife, wildlife decrease, illegal timber, highly deforestation, NTFP increase	shirts, little traditional	company from China,	technical training, and alt	op wildlife trading, gal fishing, ernative livelihoods, hery and forestry vareness Waste management awareness, stop cutting flooded forest, protecting forest fire, stop deforestation	Community, NGOs, Local authorities, and Government Ivelihoods, increase rice production, crop growing, and livestock raising Law enforcement awareness, NR awareness, NR advantages, pr alternative live	this is helpful for our next generation. generation. provide livelihood development, and encourage all people to participate in NR protection	704people- 342women including dolphi protection, and fishing gears limitation, Forestry law	in activities done by powerful	Environmental awareness, Strengthening CFi, CF, and improve living condition of local community	lave CIP/CDP, plan to build three ridges Proposed to stop outsiders coming to do NRM exploitation
4 11-Jun-10 Kampong Kbeung village, Koh Dombong commune, Kratie 0609557 - Mr. Phon Sythath (CRDT), Miss. Pov Kongnov (CRDT)	9 Kouy=95%, Pnong=1% (60families)	Idhism Spirit, Village elder, Mr. Fishi magic, evil Saman, Nikim Heun	Farming Farming Small Hunting Small Timber Make boats for sale	Gillnet cash net hook line Trap (Chan) (Chan)	yes Saimbok district 35%, Thalaborivat 25% of Stung Treng, and Sambo 45% of Kratie	Tortoise, monitor, sale snack, wild pig, deer, red-manjack, civet, and snail	in village, and sale in Stung Treng and Kratie Middle men (cant tell his/her name)	Saimbok, Koh Preas, Oh- 5 lang (but not regularly come)	Yes (by yes (attached)	Yes 53(without 17(without 10 land certificate) certificate)	Forest and fish decrease, a company come to cut trees (but don't know name, and not start activities yet), land encroachment for Chamkar, Bamboo decrease Little development activities, No road, no school no health center or pagoda	Very hot, Strong wind, drought, irregular rain eer Decrease traditional belief, outsider culture coming but still make offering to spirits	Encroach land for shifting agriculture which caused deforestation First concern Second concern	Third concern Repair irrigation system, clean water supply, increase agriculture land, need technical fishing, livestock raising and crop growing, increase child education, health, market,	rareness as well as alternative livelihoods	Government, local child education, health authorities, community and livestock, market Environmental awareness, encommunity par	Agree with all activities, and suggest the project to remove land concession company, and suggest to support infrastructure development in the	ort No impact 63 families, 312 Forestry law, landed law, 157women dolphin conservation	Not effective, still remain illegal activities against the laws	Reduce natural dependency, improve living condition of local community, awareness on health issues, sanitation, environment	Now, most people in this village speak Khmer, only elders can speak Kouy. The next generation will forget this language if no further education on this language.
5 12-Jun-10 Oh-Chralang village, Tbong Khla commune, Stung Treng O609988 - Mr. Lor Kimsan (WWF), 24 Miss. So Sokhary (CED), Mr. Tan Somebunavath (WWF)	15 Kouy=33.84% 69.2 Phnong, (22families), Phnong=30.76 (20families), Charay=4.6% (3families)	Idhism Spirit, evil Elder, Mr. Thon Kimmay (097 (Rice 8774002)	ring Fishing NTFP Vegetable Timber Small Labor Livestock	3.5 2 Gillnet Trap (Chan) Hook line Trap (Leay) (Sayearn	yes Kompong cham, Oh-Mreas, Kang Deysor, Oh-Svay	Tortoise, monitor, Sale snake, wild pig, red-manjack	in village Middle man from outside village	Tbong Khla, Ksach Leav 7 (mostly come during wet season)	No Yes yes (attached	Yes (attached) land land certificate) 3	Fish, forest and wildlife decrease, illegal fishing, Still wildlife trading, land encroachment for agriculture, outsiders come to cut trees for sale	very hot, ve a drought Decrease a little traditional beliefs such as wear shirt	Reserve land for dead bodies, land for school concern First con	material supplies Str en CF	op outsiders come to h in the village, rengthening CFi, Law forcement, Establish and wildlife nservation program Stop throwing waste into the River, Don't raise pig on river bank Protect forest, Environmental awareness	Local authorities, NGOs, Community duck, pig and cattle), develop handicraft from NTFP, provide technical training on livestock and rice production Allow commun protect NRM, a on NRM and its advantages, st enforcement	ictly law traditionally		Very low effective (illegal no activators are mostly government officer), No forestry law application, People don't know about the laws	Provide materials, technical training on livelihoods, NRM and Environmental awareness, Identify clearly the protected areas.	Proposed awareness on fishery laws, forestry laws and land used law, Provide support on livestock raising, vegetable growing, and NTFP handicraft.
6 6-May-11 O'mareas village, O'mareas village, O'mareas commune, Stung Treng O'mareas table of the state of	12 Kouy= 5% (5 10 Khmer 0 Budd families) Lao=5% (5 families)	Idhism Tutelary Mr. Lay Chhoun (097 Farm 5921477) praying (Rice)	100% 80% 10% 7% 60% 15% Framing (Chamkar) Livestock 100% 20% 5% 50% 10%	5 1 Gillnet Net Trap (Chan) Hook line	yes Sre Krasang, Koh Preas, Hang yes Khosoun	Hunting around 20% both on Tortoise, Wild pig, Rabbit, snake, monkey, Musk deer, buck and kind of monitor lizard.	In village Middle man from outside village and neighbor	O'reussey, Koh Preas, O 0 lang, Tonsong, Phul.	No yes yes (attached	Yes(attache d) land land certificate) certificate)	NRM decrease Service and development has been been been been been been been bee	Very hot and irregular raining and dancing style.	More expend of the land using. First concern concern	Third concern Improve agriculture product, improve livestock product (chicken, duck, Pig), cow and water buffalo, set up community shop and life skill need. Example 1	thority, law	Organization, authority, and adding more career stakeholder and community Improve livestock product and adding more career out of farming (rice) enforcement, a punishment to people.	erial and Agreed and strong support to central section management plan, concerning about NRM loss in the future. NRM loss in the future. Adding more career in community, regular control to protect any illegal activity, make the border and may family fishing and awareness to community about ecological conservation	Pressure to fishing, can not expand the land. Prakas about NRM protection		Maintain forestry land, set up forestry community, to strengthening and support to fishery community, specify conservation boundary, livelihood development and extension any law to community.	lave CIP/CDP (repair and build ne bridge, road maintenance, and construct pipe line. The community suggest to project on livelihood development, capacity building on agriculture technique and seed providing. Moreover, law enforcement and divide the place for family fishing.
7 5-May-11 O'lang village, Siem Bouk commune, Stung Treng province. O'lang village, Siem 1465333 Mr. Lor Kimsan (WWF), Mr. Lek Neang (CRDT), Mr. Kong Phearin (CED)	4 Kouy=80% (125 families) 80% Khmer 0 Budd	Idhism Tutelary Mr.Tum Sarom Farm (Rice	ring Fishing Framing (Chamkar)	7 1 Gillnet trap (Chan) Hook line Catch by electricity some time	yes Tala, Koh Kontoykor, Dong Yes village and Tadap	Wild pig and buck both	in village Middle man yes	Kratie and Kampong Thom	No (Just initiative (wanted by to have communi ty only) The street of the street initiative (wanted by to have communi to have recognize by ministry)	Yes (attached) land land certificate) 0	NRM decrease Increase	Very hot and irregular raining A bit change on wearing and language	More expand of land using for farming First concern Second concern	Third concern Need livestock technique, increase saving group, raising fish, chicken, pig, Improve agriculture product and construct the road.	w enforcement, law tension and strong cus on management community ember. Set up bin in the village, waste management training Mention to waste management.	Organization, humanitarian, authority, stakeholder and community Suggest race and seed (chicken, fish, pig, cow and water buffalo) Establish patrol divide conserva provide livestor technique and seed enforcement.	team and dition zone, k and working as a team to protect and serve of environment. Suggest fish raising training, chicken, duck, pig, and vegetable technique.	It a bit affect to livelihood and community career. 157 families Forestry law, and NRM law	law not full enforcement No	Suggest to project to prevent outside people into community to cut the tree, expand law extension, provide resource for regular patrol and livelihood development.	es they have, (proposed griculture and livestock training, ipe line repair, build bridge, bad, toilet and rain water ollector.
8 5-May-11 Tonsong village, Siem bouk commune, Stung Treng province. Nr. Lor Kimsan (WWF), Mr. Lek Neang (CRDT), Mr. Kong Phearin (CED)	5 Kouy=90% (56 families) Khmer 0 Budd	Idhism Tutelary Mr. Chrom Chon (43 Farm spirit, praying and Neakta	95% 30% 100% 30% 20% 60% Framing (Chamkar resin tree and collect dry resin tree resin tree)	7 2 Gillnet trap (Lorb) (Chan)	Yes Koh Sralay, Kontoykor and Koh Preas.	Wild pig and buck both	In village Middle man yes	Ka ngok village 16	Yes Yes (attached	Yes (attached) land land certificate) certificate)	fish wildlife and forest decrease and NTFP still the same before	Very hot and irregular raining (wedding and ceremony)	Land expanding almost families First concern Concern	Second Dig the pond for fish raising, Lar concern Provide breed (chicken, duck, pig), agriculture patechnique and small scale business.	w extension, law forcement, establish trol team and ovide resource. Stop land expansion, establish waste management group, release bin and build incinerator and extension.	Organization, Expand the land for humanitarian, authority, stakeholder and community Expand the land for farming, fish raising, vegetable growing and livestock raising. NGO supporting community and the village.	ith Provide resource and tivities, establish group for conservation activities in develop in protect flooded forest and bin in the village to serve environment. Divide families fishing zone, regular patrol, an adding career to community.	A bit change for 61 families Fishery law, Forestry law, landed law and Prakas.	law not full enforcement No	Technical training on fish raising, chicken, duck, pig, vegetable. Provide seed and breed, strengthen to CF, CFi and support any resource.	es, road repairing, bridge, pipe onstruction, agriculture activities and health. Suggestion to NGO helping on agriculture and law extension.
9 4-May-11 Koh Chbar village, Koh Khnear commune, Kratie province CRDT), Mr. Phon Sythah (CRDT), Mr. Sok Ko (WWF), Ms. Sorn Somaly (CED)	11 Punong=4% (8 4% Khmer 0 Budd families)	Idhism (1 Tutelary Mr.Thoung Loth 077 Farm spirit and Neakta S27316 (rice)	100% 50% 75% 70% 20% 30% 20% Ing livestock Fishing Gold explore tree wine product	3 2.5 Gillnet trap (Lorb) (Chan) Hook line Net	yes Sandan, Kbal Chour, Keng Yes Prasat, Keang, Chrouy Banteay	Tortoise, Wild pig, snake, buck, civet cat, flying squirrel and kind of monitor lizard.	In village Middle man Yes	Koh Tnout 5	Yes Yes (attached	Yes No, (210 No, (210 0 without certificate from land department) No, (210 department)	Seem decrease Improve	Very hot and irregular raining Modern than before	Land expand Second concern First con	ncern Third concern Land expand, establish small group, support fish material and tool, increase livestock.	ake the pond for hing, establish FC, community member. More participate from community member.	Organization, authority, stakeholder and community seed, build bridge and road. Construct community cow, buffalo, pig, chicken, and make chart and make chart seed, build bridge and road.	nunity dam It is very important to get this project to improve livelihood of community and its participate. This project can help to CFi.	No 210 families Fishery law, Forestry law, landed law, Woman right, violent domestic.	violent domestic law very concentrate and good	Fund support, provide like cow, buffalo, pig, chicken, fish, ring well, vegetable seed, build bridge and road.	es they always do CIP every No ear.
10 5-May-11 Pon Tachea village, O'kreang commune, Kratie province Province Somaly (CED) Mr. Phon Sythah (CRDT), Mr. Sok Ko (WWF), Ms. Sorn Somaly (CED)	17 Ponong=100% 100% Ponong + 0 Budd (110 families)	Idhism Tutelary Mr. Seang Teng Farm (rice) Neakta	70% 100% 70% 10% 5% 10% 10% ing Framing (Chamkar) Fishing livestock (Chamkar)	Gillnet trap (Chan) Hook line Net Trap (Leach)	Yes Sandan, Kbal Chour, Sambo, Vatanak, Kampong Leu, Koh Khnear Leu, Koh Real, Kampong Cham commune.	Wild pig, snake, bird, buck and kind of monitor lizard.	In village Middle man yes	Snoul and Pakney 20	Yes Yes (attached	Yes No, (110 No, (110 0 without certificate from land department) No, (110 department)	Seem decrease Improve	Very hot, water in the river very deep and irregular raining	Land expand Third concern First con	ncern Second Capacity building and concern wealth, expand land and plant of strategy crop, strengthening FC and CFi for	crease meeting in mmunity to solve the oblem and protect EM, and patrol of restry and fishery.	Organization, authority, stakeholder and community commu	prevent Decrease NRM, forestry and fish in last ten years. Very useful assist by this project and community commit to involve with project. Thanks if project could stop any disobedient case.	No Signature 110 families Fishery law, Forestry law, Indigenous law and disaster reduction law	Patrol 3 time per month, corporate with patrol team of dolphin protection, stop cutting tree.	Definite house building land, farm land, build bridge, road, provide more mammal and protect land of community	es they have. No
11 5-May-11 Koh Khnear village, O'kreang commune, Kratie province Oofstaa (CRDT), Mr. Sok Ko (WWF), Ms. Sorn Somaly (CED)	8 Kouy=97% 97% Khmer 0 Budd (141 families)	Idhism Tutelary spirit and Neakta, Arak and spirit forest. Mr. An Hou (Head of Farm (rice)	40% 100% 90% 80% 30% 30% 20% ling Framing (Chamkar) livestock Selling Hunting Growing bamboo (Chamkar) 100% 150% 150% 150% 150% 150% 150% 150%	7 1.5 Gillnet trap (Chan and trou) Hook line (reak)	yes Sambo, Keng Prasat, Thom yes village, koh Preas, koh Thnout, Koh Pdao, Ampil touk, Koh Sneng and Koh Sraloav.	Wild pig, snake, bird, buck, Civet cat, porcupine and kind of monitor lizard.	In village middleman no	0 0	yes Yes (attached	Yes (attached) Without without certificate from land department) department)	Seem decrease improve		Land erosion and weak fertilizer First concern concern	Third concern Make the pond for fish raising, life skill, need mammal labor, build dam and make channel for water storage.	force to fishery and sestry law and engthen solidarity in mmunity. Strengthen Education system, maintain any infrastructure and environment awareness.	Community, NGO and Government. Extend rice field and Chamkar, make channel, fish raising, chicken and duck raising, make dams for water storage and make local market. Need more but equipment, may agriculture technology	get, Gain more knowledge after involve with the project and will spread out these point to other people in community, participate and serve resource for next generation. Gain more knowledge very good program, strong support to CFi and FC community and law enforcement.		Not full enforcement but around only 50-60 % only.	Extend rice field and Chamkar, make channel, fish raising, chicken and duck raising, make dams for water storage and make local market.	es, they proposed road onstruction, build school, well, bilet and water storage tool.
5-May-11 Kompong Domrey village, Beoung Char commune, Kratie province CRDT) Mr. Tuy Maly (CED), Mr. Nou Chanveasna (WWF), Mr. Mot Savat (CRDT)	15 Kouy=83%(64 83% Khmer 0 Budd families)	Idhism Tutelary spirit and Neakta, Arak O11853935, Ms. Ong Sarorm O92181463, Ms. Khoun Deoun O85628771	ing Fishing Livestock Selling Vegetable Gold Timber Hunting explore cutting	7 5 Gillnet Hook line Trap (Lorb)	Yes Vath Domnak village, Keng Prasat and Muslim people Yes	Wild pig, buck, Civet cat, porcupine, rabbit, wild chicken and kind of monitor lizard.	Sambo, Koh Khnear and Kasach Leav	Achen, Vath Domnak and most they came in rainy season	yes Yes (attached	Not attach No, (64 living without certificate from land department) No, (64 living without certificate from land department)	Seem decrease Improve	Very hot and irregular raining	Land expand First concern Second concern	au	trol in regularly, port to local report to local authority, police and stakeholder	NGO and Government. Establish saving group, increase pig and chicken raising and improve agriculture technique. Establish patrol extension and enforcement.	team, law No idea	No idea 64 families Fishery law, Forestry law, land law.	Need all people follow to these law.	They gain more knowledge about NRM and they commit to reduce the time to fishing, explore to forest and hunting reducing.	
13 5-May-11 Beoung Char village, Beoung Char commune, Kratie province (CRDT) Beoung Char village, Beoung Char commune, Kratie province (CRDT)	15 Kouy=100% 100% Khmer 0 Budd (55 families)	Idhism Tutelary Mr. Prom En, Mr. Ros Fram spirit and Neakta, Arak Mr. Arak	80% 90% 10% 50% 15% 15% 10% Ing Fishing Livestock Selling NTFP Timber cutting Timber cutting growing	e 7 2.5 Gillnet Hook line Trap (Chan) Net tool	y yes Kampong Cham commune, Vath Domnak village, Keng Prasat and Keng Prasat.	Wild pig, buck, Both porcupine, rabbit, snake and tortoise	In village Middleman No	56	Yes Yes (attached	Not attach 54 families (recognize in 1994 without land certificate) 29 families (not sure the reorganizati on from land department)	Seem decrease Improve	Very hot and irregular raining Modern than before	Land expand First concern Second concern		tablish CFi and law forcement Participate with conservation activities and protect, stop illeg activities on timber business.	NGO and Require village and commune head transfer all needed from and increase community to upper authority, establish CFi and saving group, increase business and livestock skill, law extension, establish market network and NGO helping on advocacy.	etween	Nothing 55 families Fishery law, Forestry law, land law.	Need all people follow to these law. Culture		es, proposed such as: village enter and bridge building.
14 4-May-11 Koh Entrachey village, Beoung Char commune, Kratie province (CRDT) Koh Entrachey village, Beoung 1447698 Mr. Tuy Maly (CED), Mr. Nou Chanveasna (WWF), Mr. Mot Savat (CRDT)	11 Kouy=98% 98% Khmer 0 Budd (110 families)	Idhism Tutelary Mr. Mok En Spirit and O99443879, Mr. Houl Neakta, Arak	tock Farming (Chamkar) Selling Constructi fishing Timber cutting work5%	r 7 4	yes Koh Khnear and kasach Leav No yes	Wild pig, buck, rabbit sale and civet cat.	In village and Koh khnear, Sambo and Kampong Rotes	Vath Domnak, Yeav village.	Yes Yes (attached	Not attach 108 families (recognize in 1994 without land certificate) 0 certificate	Seem decrease Improve	Very hot and irregular raining Modern than before	Land expand First concern Concern	Third concern Pray to get rainy, rotation the labor with neighbor, used proper agriculture technique and share experience each other. Off	ore patrol and report stakeholder, law government, and always went to hospit when sickness any trap.	NGO and Seed market price on Cassava and rattan, establish saving group, FC, increase more agriculture product, capacity building on agriculture technique, stop illegal activities such as: tree cutting and hunting.	nt, No idea No idea	Good 110 families Fishery law, Forestry law, land law.	Need all people follow to these law.	They gain more knowledge about NRM and they commit to reduce the time to fishing, explore to forest and hunting reducing.	
15 6-May-11 O Krasang village, Beoung Char commune, Kratie province (CRDT) 15 6-May-11 O Krasang village, Beoung Char commune, Kratie province (CRDT)	9 Kouy=100% 100% Khmer 0 Budd	Idhism Tutelary spirit, nature and Neakta, Arak Arak	70% 10% 8.18% 2% 7% 20% Fishing vegetable growing Took 40% 90% 60% 5% 8% 5% 5%	7 5 Gillnet Net Trap (Lorb) (Chan) tool	Yes Keng Prasat, Sandan, Kampong no yes Cham and Vath Domnak	Wild pig, buck, rabbit, both tortoise and kind of monitor lizard	In village Middleman yes and Sambo	Kampong Cham, Vath Domnak, Keng Prasat.	No Yes Yes (attached	Not attach 42 42 0	Seem decrease Improve	Very hot and irregular raining	Land expand First concern Concern		ay to get water, trol and report to lage and commune ad. Pray to get water, patrol and report to village and commune head.	NGO and Improve agriculture Establish FC, la group, any career, capacity building on market analysis, establish middleman in village.	Very good project that suggest to CRDT to providing both activities community a lot of knowledge relate on environment and improve livelihood activities.	nothing 42 families Fishery law, Forestry law, land law.	Need all people follow to these law.	Establish FC, reducing rely on natural resource, make more career for community, increase income.	

Coordinates for Villages Surveyed for Social Assessment

No.	Village	48P	UTM	Remarks
1	Au Kok	615108	1435452	Мар
2	Kampong Phnov	613184	1432591	Мар
3	Siem Bauk	600511	1468695	Мар
4	Kampong Kboeung	609557	1453050	Мар
5	Au Chralang	609988	1462153	Мар
6	Au Mareah	608737	1462820	Мар
7	Au Lang	600428	1465333	Мар
8	Tonsorng	600328	1469773	Мар
9	Koh Chbar	609532	1427107	Мар
10	Pun Tachea	615859	1446371	Мар
11	Koh Khnhae	614422	1448477	Мар
12	Kampong Damrey	607771	1441851	
13	Boeng Char	606203	1439777	
14	Koh Entrachey	608608	1447698	
15	Au Krasiang	608760	1435230	

No.	Village	Commune	District	Province	Population	# of Households	# of IP Families	% Indigenous	Language	Religion	Belief	Contact Person	Remarks
1	. Au Kok	Au Krieng	Sambo	Kratie	124	29	Phnong 29	100% Phnong	Phnong, Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Ke Phay, Moul Sok and Suy	
2	Kampong Phnov	Koh Khnhae	Sambo	Kratie	412	84	Phnong 16	19% Phnong	Phnong, Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Lao Chantha, Som Kan and Ngan Be	
(1)	Siem Bauk	Siem Bauk	Siem Bauk	Stung Treng	704	146	Kuoy 51	35% Kuoy	Kuoy, Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Meas Sokhom (Gender Extension Worker)	
2	Kampong Kboeung	Koh Dambong	Sambo	Kratie	312	63	Kuoy 60 Phnong 3	95% Kuoy 1% Phnong	Kuoy, Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Saman and Nikim Heun	
	Au Chralang	Tbong Khla	Siem Bauk	Stung Treng	283	65	Kuoy 22 Phnong 20 Charay 3		Phnong, Kuoy, Charay, Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Thon Kimmay (097 8774002)	
6	Au Mareah	Au Mareah	Siem Bauk	Stung Treng	N/A	34	Kuoy 5 Lao 5	15% Kuoy 15% Lao	Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Lay Chhoun (097 5921477)	
7	' Au Lang	Siem Bauk	Siem Bauk	Stung Treng	N/A	157	Kuoy 125	80% Kuoy	Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Tum Sarom	
8	Tonsorng	Siem Bauk	Siem Bauk	Stung Treng	N/A	61	Kuoy 56	90% Kuoy	Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Chrom Chon	
ç	Koh Chbar	Koh Khnhae	Sambo	Kratie	N/A	210	Phnong 8	4% Phnong	Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Thoung Loth (077 527316)	
10	Pun Tachea	Koh Khnhae	Sambo	Kratie	N/A	110	Phnong 110	100% Phnong	Phnong, Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Seang Teng	
11	Koh Khnhae	Au Krieng	Sambo	Kratie	N/A	141	Kuoy 141	100% Kuoy	Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	An Hou	
12	Kampong Damrey	Boeng Char	Sambo	Kratie	N/A		Kuoy 64	100% Kuoy	Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Kong Yim (011 853935), Dong Sarorm (092 181463) and Khoun Deoun (085 628771)	
13	Boeng Char	Boeng Char	Sambo	Kratie	N/A	55	Kuoy 55	100% Kuoy	Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Prom En and Ros Hean (012 1827245)	
14	Koh Entrachey	Boeng Char	Sambo	Kratie	N/A	110	Kuoy 110	100% Kuoy	Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Mok En (099 443879) and Houl Chhoun	
15	Au Krasiang	Boeng Char	Sambo	Kratie	N/A	42	Kuoy 42	100% Kuoy	Khmer	Buddhism	Spirit	Som Son and En Khean	

6,420 Estimate based on an average # of 4.66 people per household

Top 5 Livelihood Activities of Villages in Social Assessment

	Livelihood Activities (Priority Range from 1 to 5) Projected Impact									
No.	Village	1	2	3	4	5	from Project	Remarks		
1	Au Kok	Farming rice	Livestock	Fishing	NTFP	Hunting	Low			
2	Kampong Phnov	Farming rice	Livestock	Fishing	NTFP	Timber	Low			
3	Siem Bauk	Farming rice	Fishing	Livestock	Timber	NTFP	Low			
4	Kampong Kboeung	Fishing	Chamkar Rice	Farming rice	Livestock	Hunting	High			
5	Au Chralang	Farming rice	Fishing	NTFP	Vegetable	Timber	Low			
6	Au Mareah	Farming rice	Fishing	Chamkar Rice	Livestock	Vegetable	Low			
7	Au Lang	Farming rice	Fishing	Chamkar Rice	Livestock	Vegetable	Low			
8	Tonsorng	Farming rice	Fishing	Chamkar Rice	NTFP	Vegetable	Low			
9	Koh Chbar	Farming rice	Livestock	Fishing	Gold mining	Labor	Low			
10	Pun Tachea	Farming rice	Chamkar Rice	Fishing	Livestock	Hunting	Medium			
11	Koh Khnhae	Farming rice	Chamkar Rice	Fishing	Livestock	Selling	Medium			
12	Kampong Damrey	Farming rice	Fishing	Livestock	Selling	Vegetable	Very Low			
13	Boeng Char	Farming rice	Fishing	Livestock	Selling	NTFP	Low			
14	Koh Entrachey	Livestock	Farming rice	Chamkar Rice	Selling	Labor	Low			
15	Au Krasiang	Farming rice	Fishing	Vegetable	Livestock	Selling	Very Low			

Note: Farming rice also includes Chamkar Rice in villages where Chamkar rice is not prioritized.

rice	13	1	1
chamkar rice	0	3	4
fish	1	8	5
livestock	1	3	3
vegetable			1
NTFP			1

Natural Resources Based Livelihood Activities of Villages in Social Assessment

					Fishery		Wildlife					Forestry			
o. V	'illage	% of HHs Fishing	# of Days Fishing per Week	Fish Catch Amount (Kg/Day)	I Fishing Mathod	Outsiders Fishing	CFi in Village	% of HHs Hunting	Hunting Purposes	Buyers	Market Place	Outsiders Hunting	% of HHs Logging	CF in Village	Remarks
1 A	u Kok	1009	%		2 Use gillnet and other traditional fishing gears	Yes	No; Willing to form a CFi	100%	Subsistence/ Commercial	Villagers/ Middlemen	Au Krieng, Koh Khnhae	Yes	3	30 Yes	
2 K	ampong Phnov	1009	%	7 0.5	O Use gillnet and other traditional fishing gears	Yes	Yes	10%	Subsistence/ Commercial	Villagers/ Middlemen	Inside village	No	1	15 No; Willing to form a CF	
3 Si	iem Bauk	999	%	3	3 Use gillnet and other traditional fishing gears	Yes	Yes	30%	Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	Yes	3	36 Yes	
4 K	ampong Kboeung	709	%	6	5 Use gillnet and other traditional fishing gears	Yes	No; Willing to form a CFi	30%	Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	Yes		5 Yes	
5 A	u Chralang	1009	%	4	2 Use gillnet and other traditional fishing gears	Yes	Yes	N/A as it is not prioritized.	Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	Yes		7 No; Willing to form a CF	
6 A	u Mareah	1009	%	5	1 Use gillnet and other traditional fishing gears	Yes	Yes	10%	Subsistence/ Commercial	Villagers/ Middlemen	Inside village	Yes		0 No; Willing to form a CF	
7 A	u Lang	959	%	7	1 Use gillnet, traditional fishing gears and occasionally electric shocks	Yes	Yes	60%	Subsistence/ Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	Yes	3	No; Willing to form a CF	
8 T	onsorng	1009	%	7	2 Use gillnet and other traditional fishing gears	Yes	Yes	20%	Subsistence/ Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	Yes	1	L6 Yes	
9 K	oh Chbar	1009	%	3 2.5		Yes	Yes	10%	Subsistence/ Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	Yes		5 Yes	
10 P	un Tachea	1009	%	6 1.5		Yes	Yes	80%	Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	Yes	2	20 Yes	
11 K	oh Khnhae	909	%	7 1.5	O Use gillnet and other traditional fishing gears	Yes	Yes	30%	Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	No		0 Yes	
12 K	ampong Damrey	809	%	7	5 Use gillnet and other traditional fishing gears	Yes	No; Willing to form a CFi	10%	Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	Yes	2	20 Yes	
13 B	oeng Char	1009	%	7 2.5		Yes	No; Willing to form a CFi	18%	Subsistence/ Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	No	5	56 Yes	
14 K	oh Entrachey	79	%	7		Yes	No; Willing to form a CFi	N/A as it is not prioritized.	Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	Yes	2	27 Yes	
15 A	u Krasiang	409	%	7		Yes	No; Willing to form a CFi	5%	Subsistence/ Commercial	Middlemen	Inside village	Yes		0 Yes	

Note: Most of the villagers consider hunting as a less relevant activity for their livelihood as they do not do this activity permanently.

The outsiders are reported to have committed illegal fishing acitivities and overfishing methods such as using electric shock tools and using too many gillnets.

Land Ownership

No.	Village		# of HHs Owning Land	Owning	# of HHs Owning Farm Land	l% of HHs		% of HHs Not Owning Land	Remarks
1	Au Kok	29	24	82.8%	24	82.8%	5	17.2%	
2	Kampong Phnov	84	74	88.1%	59	70.2%	10	11.9%	
3	Siem Bauk	146	141	96.6%	141	96.6%	5	3.4%	
4	Kampong Kboeung	63	53	84.1%	17	27.0%	10	15.9%	
5	Au Chralang	65	62	95.4%	62	95.4%	3	4.6%	
6	Au Mareah	34	29	85.3%	29	85.3%	0	0.0%	
7	Au Lang	157	150	95.5%	140	89.2%	0	0.0%	
8	Tonsorng	61	56	91.8%	56	91.8%	5	8.2%	
9	Koh Chbar	210	210	100.0%	210	100.0%	0	0.0%	
10	Pun Tachea	110	110	100.0%	110	100.0%	0	0.0%	
11	Koh Khnhae	141	141	100.0%	141	100.0%	0	0.0%	
12	Kampong Damrey	64	64	100.0%	64	100.0%	0	0.0%	
13	Boeng Char	55	54	98.2%	29	52.7%	1	1.8%	_
14	Koh Entrachey	110	108	98.2%	108	98.2%	0	0.0%	_
15	Au Krasiang	42	42	100.0%	42	100.0%	0	0.0%	

Note: All the households owing land do not have land tenure rights.

Average 94.4%

85.9%

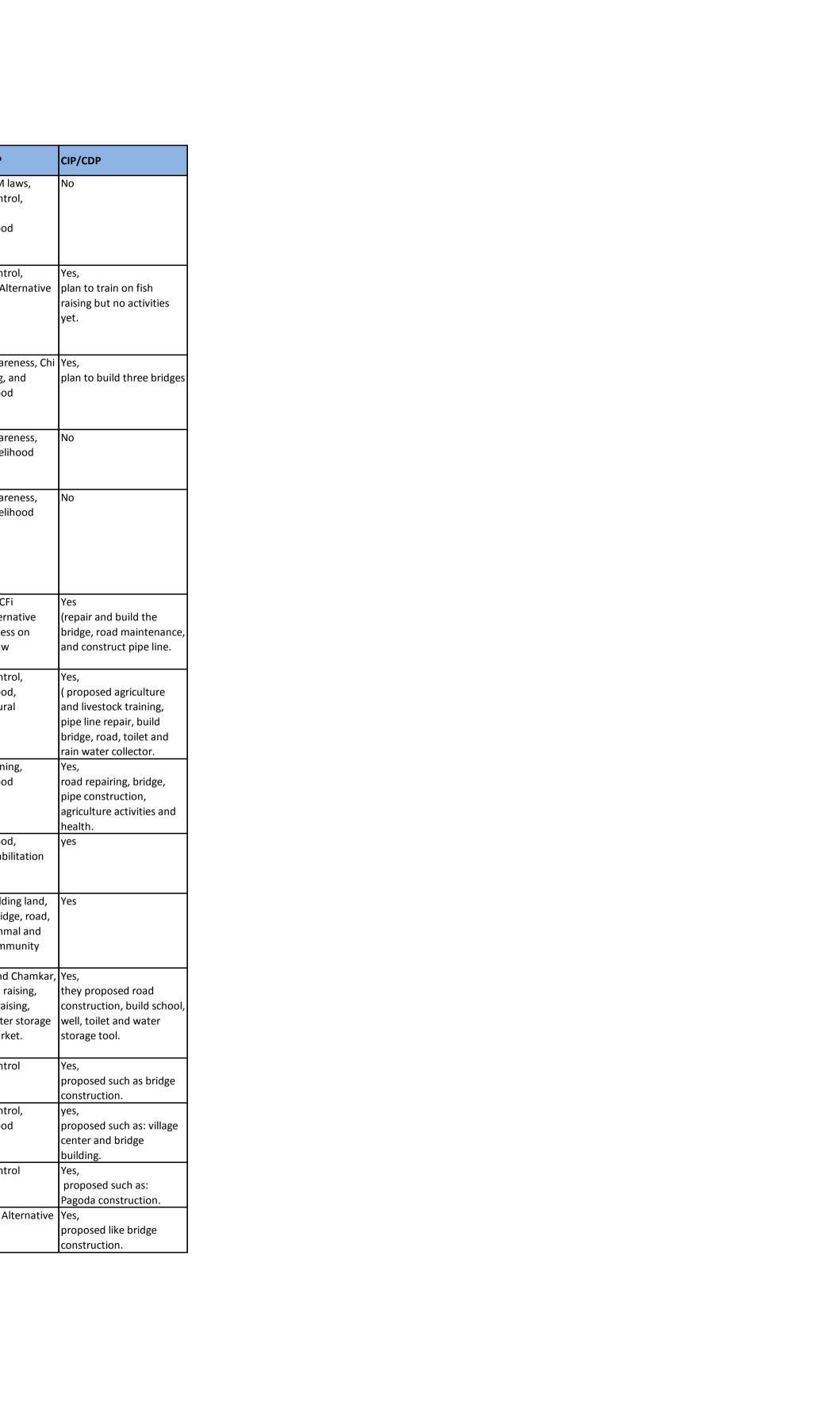
Threats in Villages Survey Social Assessment

No.	Village	Natural Resources Degradation	Environmental Degradation	Climate Change	Social and Cultural Change
1	Au Kok	Increasing fishing activities, modern fishing gears and land concession	Soil nutrients degraded	Longer drought, storm	Population growth, decreasing belief in spirit, adoption of foreign civilization, decreasing speaking native language
2	Kampong Phnov	Increasing outsiders doing fishing activities and deforestation caused by land concession	Sandy beach extending, soil nutrients degraded and chemical pollution by land concession company	Hot weather, longer drought for two years	Population growth, decreasing belief in spirit and adoption of foreign civilization
3	Siem Bauk	Fishstock decreasing, wildlife trading and highly deforestation		Hot weather, drought, and flood	Population growth, decreasing speaking native language and traditional activities (such as dancing)
4	Kampong Kboeung	Fishstock decreasing, logging by private company and land-use change from forest to Chamkar rice field		Hot weather, strong wind, drought, irregularly annual rain	Population growth, decreasing belief in spirit and adoption of foreign civilization
5	Au Chralang	Illegal fishing activities, wildlife trading, illegal logging and land-use change for agriculture		Hot weather, drought	Population growth and adoption of foreign civilization
6	Au Mareah	Natural resources decrease and expansion of land-use change		Hot weather, irregularly annual rain	Population growth and adoption of foreign civilization
7	Au Lang	Natural resources decrease and expansion of land-use change		Hot weather, irregularly annual rain	Population growth and adoption of foreign civilization
8	Tonsorng	Natural resources decrease and expansion of land-use change		Hot weather, irregularly annual rain	Population growth and adoption of foreign civilization
9	Koh Chbar	Natural resources decrease and expansion of land-use change		Hot weather, irregularly annual rain	Population growth and adoption of foreign civilization
10	Pun Tachea	Natural resources decrease and expansion of land-use change		Hot weather, irregularly annual rain	Population growth and adoption of foreign civilization
11	Koh Khnhae	Natural resources decrease and expansion of land-use change	Soil erosion	Irregularly annual rain	Population growth and adoption of foreign civilization
12	Kampong Damrey	Natural resources decrease and expansion of land-use change		Hot weather, irregularly annual rain	Population growth and adoption of foreign civilization
13	Boeng Char	Natural resources decrease and expansion of land-use change		Hot weather, irregularly annual rain	Population growth and adoption of foreign civilization
14	Koh Entrachey	Natural resources decrease and expansion of land-use change		Hot weather, irregularly annual rain	Population growth and adoption of foreign civilization
15	Au Krasiang	Natural resources decrease and expansion of land-use change		Hot weather, irregularly annual rain	Population growth and adoption of foreign civilization

No.	Village	NR Availability	Development & Services	Past to Present) Cultural Changes	Land-use	Livelihoods	Prioritized Concerr Natural Resources		Livelihoods	Natural Resources	tions Environment	Who Can Assist?	How NGOs Can Help With	How NGOs Can Help with NRM
	Au Kok	Fish, forest and NTFP decrease	Road and school constructed and number of houses increase	Decrease spirit belief, wear Khmer shirt, Speak Khmer and Phnong, no more handicraft of shirt	Soil nutrition decrease	Second	First	Third	Improve rice and livestock productivity, do fishing and hunting activities and sell labor	Establish CFi, strengthen CF, and protect forest	Rubbish bin, awareness, law enforcement	NGO, and Government Authorities	Rice production, small livestock, cropping, fish raising (both materials and technique)	CFi establishment, CF strengthening, Law enforcement
2	Kampong Phnov	Fish and forest decrease	School	belief, since last 2years due to new religion comes	Soil nutrition decrease	Second	First	Third	Farming land, seeds technical agriculture, market, cattle for farming labor, raising fish,	activities, protect forest, and establish CF	village, Environmental awareness, rubbish bins	NGOs, Government Fishery Department	raising include materials and technique, crop growing, market, and credit	CFi establishment, CF strengthening , Law enforcement
3	Siem Bauk	Fish, forest and wildlife decrease NTFP increase?	Local bridge, road and school constructed and awareness of health	Language (mostly speak Khmer), wear Khmer shirts, little traditional dance	Land concession company from China, plan to clear forest to build airport but now stop due to community protest	Third	First	Second	Improve livestock raising (pig, chicken cattle), technical training, and participation from communities	fishing, alternative livelihoods, fishery and forestry awareness	Waste management awareness, stop cutting flooded forest, protecting forest fire, stop deforestation	Community, NGOs, Local authorities, and Government	Conserve NRM including fish, forest and wildlife, participate in alternative livelihoods, increase rice production, crop growing, and livestock raising	Alternative livelihood
ļ	Kampong Kboeung	Fish, forest and bamboo decrease	Less development activities		shifting agriculture	First	Second	Third	Repair irrigation system, clean water supply, increase agriculture land, need technical fishing, livestock raising and crop growing, increase child education, health, market, credit	provide alternative livelihoods, and NRM awareness as well as its advantages	Apply environmental law, increase conservation activities and awareness, alternative livelihoods	NGOs, Government, local authorities, community	Repair irrigation system, child education, health education both human and livestock, market access, fish raising, livestock raising, and extend farming land	CF strengthening, NRM awareness, Law enforcement
5	Au Chralang	Fish, forest and wildlife decrease	health service Improved, one school constructed	Decrease a little traditional beliefs such as wear shirt	Land for school construction and burial ground reserved	Second	First	Third	Support technical agriculture training including material supplies	village,	Stop throwing waste into the River, Don't raise pig on river bank, Protect forest, Environmental awareness	Local authorities, NGOs, Community	Livestock raising (chicken, duck, pig and cattle), develop handicraft from NTFP, provide technical training on livestock and rice production	
6	Au Mareah	Natural resources decrease	Service and development had Improved	A bit change on wearing and dancing style.	More expend of the land using.	First	Second	Third	Improve agriculture product, improve livestock product (chicken, duck, Pig), cow and water buffalo, set up community shop and life skill need.	Law extension, setting up NRM committee, more involve from authority, law enforcement, establish FC.	Replanting, set up bin and build incinerator.	Organization, authority, stakeholder and community	Improve livestock product and adding more career out of farming (rice)	
7	Au Lang	Natural resources decrease	Improved	A bit change on wearing and language	More expand of land using for farming	First concern	Second concern	Third concern	Need livestock technique, increase saving group, raising fish, chicken pig, Improve agriculture product and construct the road.	strong focus on management to community	Set up bin in the village, waste management training, Mention to waste management.	Organization, humanitarian, authority, stakeholder and community	Suggest race and seed (chicken, fish, pig, cow and water buffalo)	Law enforcement, Alternative livelihood, Establis patrol team and divide conservation zone,
3	Tonsorng	Fish, wildlife and forest decrease NTFP still the same before?	Improved	Modern than before (wedding and ceremony)	Land expanding almost families	First	Third	Second	Dig the pond for fish raising, Provide breed (chicken, duck, pig), agriculture technique and smal scale business.	The state of the s	Stop land expansion, establish waste management group, release bin and build incinerator and extension.	Organization, humanitarian, authority, stakeholder and community	Expand the land for farming, fish raising, vegetable growing and livestock raising.	More involve with conservation activities, Alternative livelihood
P	Koh Chbar	Natural resources decrease	Improved	Modern than before	Land expand	Second	First	Third	Land expand, establish small group, support material and tool, increase livestock.	Make the pond for fishing, establish FC, NRM law extension	More participate from community member.	Organization, authority, stakeholder and community	Fund support, provide like cow, buffalo, pig, chicken, fish, ring well, vegetable seed, build bridge and road.	Construct community dam and make channel
10	Pun Tachea	Natural resources decrease	Improved	Modern than before	Land expand	Third	First	Second	Capacity building and wealth, expand land and plant of strategy crop, strengthening FC and CFi	Increase meeting in community to solve the problem and protect NRM, and patrol of forestry and fishery.	Clean the village	Organization, authority, stakeholder and community	Rice growing and	Participant and prevent
11	Koh Khnhae	Natural resources decrease	Improved	Modern than before	Land erosion and weak fertilizer	First	Second	Third	Make the pond for fish raising, life skill, need mammal labor, build dam and make channel for water storage.	and strengthen	Strengthen Education system, maintain any infrastructure and environment awareness.	Community, NGO and Government.	Extend rice field and Chamkar, make channel, fish raising, chicken and duck raising, make dams for water storage and make local market.	equipment, marke seed, agriculture
12	Kampong Damrey	Natural resources decrease	Improved	Modern than before	Land expand	First	Second	Third	fishing, vegetable growing, gold explorer, sell a labo	Patrol in regularly, report to local authority, police and stakeholder	Patrol in regularly, report to local authority, police and stakeholder	NGO and Government.	Establish saving group, increase pig and chicken raising and improve agriculture technique.	
13	Boeng Char	Natural resources decrease	Improved	Modern than before	Land expand	First	Second	Third	Strengthen on livelihood skill and agriculture technique.	Establish CFi and law enforcement	Participate with conservation activities and protect, stop illegal activities on timber business.	NGO and Government.	Require village and commune head transfer all needed from community to upper authority, establish CFi and saving group, increase business and livestock skill, law extension, establish market network and NGO helping on advocacy.	establish NRM community and
14	Koh Entrachey	Natural resources decrease	Improved	Modern than before	Land expand	First	Second	Third	Pray to get rainy, rotation the labor with neighbor, used proper agriculture technique and share experience each other.	stakeholder, law	Send statement to government, and always went to hospital when sickness	NGO and Government.	Need market price on cassava and rattan, establish saving group, FC, increase more agriculture product, capacity building on agriculture technique, stop illegal activities such as: tree cutting and hunting.	
15	Au Krasiang	Natural resources decrease	Improved	Modern than before	Land expand	First	Second	Third	Sell the labor, sold livestock products and sold fish in village.	Pray to get water, patrol and report to village and commune head.	Pray to get water, patrol and report to village and commune head.	NGO and Government.	11.	Establish FC, law extension and patrol.

Attitudes of Local Authorities towards Proposed Project

No.	Village	Commune	District	Province	Law on Natural Resource	Law Enforcement	Law on Land-use	How Project Help?	CIP/CDP
1	Au Kok	Au Krieng	Sambo	Kratie	Fishery law, Forestry law, CF internal regulation	Less effective No cooperation from fishery officers CF themselves patrolled two times a month	No	Awareness on NRM laws, Illegal activities control, Chi establishment, Alternative livelihood	No
2	Kampong Phnov	Koh Khnhae	Sambo	Kratie	Fishery law, landed law	Not effective especially landed law, but fishery law is better implemented	Landed law for house building only, A reserve land for all families at Kbal Chour with 2000m2/family and total land is 3ha		Yes, plan to train on fish raising but no activities yet.
3	Siem Bauk	Siem Bauk	Siem Bauk	Stung Treng	Fishery law including dolphin protection, and fishing gears limitation, Forestry law	Not effective, mostly illegal activities done by powerful government officers	No	Environmental awareness, Chi & CF strengthening, and Alternative livelihood	Yes, plan to build three bridges
4	Kampong Kboeung	Koh Dambong	Sambo	Kratie	Forestry law, landed law, fishery law, and dolphin conservation	Not effective, still remain illegal activities against the laws	No	Environmental awareness, and Alternative livelihood	No
5	Au Chralang	Tbong Khla	Siem Bauk	Stung Treng	Fishery law including dolphin conservation, Forestry law	Less effective (illegal activators are mostly government officer), No forestry law application, People don't know about the laws	No	Environmental awareness, and Alternative livelihood	No
6	Au Mareah	Au Mareah	Siem Bauk	Stung Treng	Fishery law, Forestry law and Prakas about NRM protection.	Awareness by forestry officer and by local authority.	No	strengthening, Alternative livelihood, Awareness on	Yes (repair and build the bridge, road maintenance, and construct pipe line.
7	Au Lang	Siem Bauk	Siem Bauk	Stung Treng	Forestry law, and NRM law	Less effective law not full enforcement	No		Yes, (proposed agriculture and livestock training, pipe line repair, build bridge, road, toilet and rain water collector.
8	Tonsorng	Siem Bauk	Siem Bauk	Stung Treng	Fishery law, Forestry law, landed law and Prakas.	Less effective law not full enforcement	No		Yes, road repairing, bridge, pipe construction, agriculture activities and health.
9	Koh Chbar	Koh Khnhae	Sambo	Kratie	Fishery law, Forestry law, landed law, Woman right, violent domestic.		No	Alternative livelihood, infrastructure rehabilitation	yes
10	Pun Tachea	Koh Khnhae	Sambo	Kratie	Fishery law, Forestry law, Indigenous law and disaster reduction law	Patrol 3 time per month, corporate with patrol team of dolphin protection, stop cutting tree.	No	Definite house building land, farm land, build bridge, road, provide more mammal and protect land of community	Yes
11	Koh Khnhae	Au Krieng	Sambo	Kratie	Fishery law, Forestry law, Indigenous law, land law, violent law, Gender, woman and child protection law.	Less effective Not full enforcement but around only 50-60 % only.	No	chicken and duck raising, make dams for water storage	Yes, they proposed road construction, build school, well, toilet and water storage tool.
12	Kampong Damrey	Boeng Char	Sambo	Kratie	Fishery law, Forestry law, land law.	Need all people follow to these law.	Land law	Illegal activities control	Yes, proposed such as bridge
13	Boeng Char	Boeng Char	Sambo	Kratie	Fishery law, Forestry law, land law.	Need all people follow to these law.	Land law and local culture		yes, proposed such as: village center and bridge building.
14	Koh Entrachey	Boeng Char	Sambo	Kratie	Fishery law, Forestry law, land law.	Need all people follow to these law.	No	Illegal activities control	Yes, proposed such as: Pagoda construction.
15	Au Krasiang	Boeng Char	Sambo	Kratie	Fishery law, Forestry law, land law.	Need all people follow to these law.	Land law		Yes, proposed like bridge construction.



Attitudes of Villagers towards Proposed Project

No.	Village	Opinion on Project	Advice to Change Project	Negative impacts
1	Au Kok	Agree	Livelihood improvement	No impact
2	Kampong Phnov	Agree	No more, enough	No impact
3	Siem Bauk	Agree	Livelihood improvement	No impact
4	Kampong Kboeung	Agree	Livelihood improvement	No impact
5	Au Chralang	Agree	Keep fishing traditionally	No impact
6	Au Mareah	Agree	Livelihood improvement, environmental conservation awareness and illegal activity control	Yes; Pressure on fishing, cannot expand the land.
7	Au Lang	Agree	Livelihood improvement	Yes; a little bit impact on livelihood
8	Tonsorng	Agree	Livelihood improvement, illegal activity control and fishing zone kept available for community	Yes; a little bit impact on livelihood
9	Koh Chbar	Agree	No	No impact
10	Pun Tachea	Agree	No	No impact
11	Koh Khnhae	Agree	No	No impact
12	Kampong Damrey	Agree	No	No idea
13	Boeng Char	Agree	No	No impact
14	Koh Entrachey	Agree	No	No impact
15	Au Krasiang	Agree	Livelihood improvement	No impact