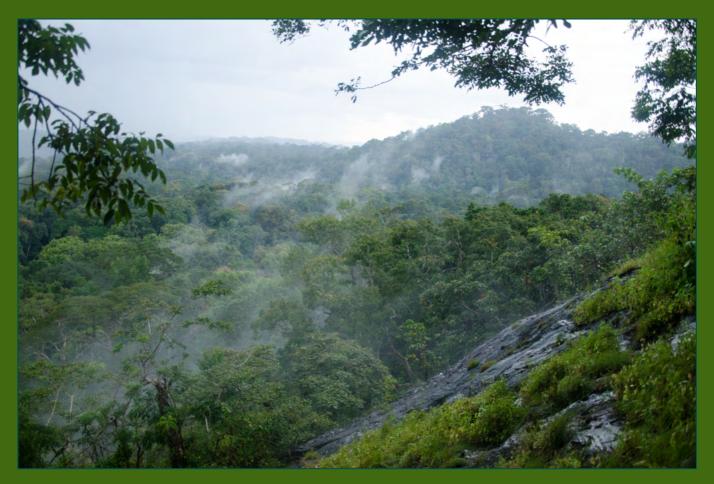
Updating Key Biodiversity Areas in the Lofa-Gola-Mano Nimba complexes





Ehoarn Bidault, Bruno Senterre, Moussa Diabaté, Tariq Stévart



The project: partners, actors, beneficiaries

- Funding from CEPF initially over 18 months (until dec. 2020)
 - Activities delayed due to Covid and military coup in Guinea.
 - Funding extending until May 2022, with no increase.
- New partner identified meanwhile:
 - Forestry Training Institute (Bomi, Liberia).
 - Help towards the creation of a new national herbarium in Liberia.
 - Implication of a botanist trained during the project.



















Increase knowledge by generating new data:

- 1732 botanical samples collected in Guinea
- 2082 in Liberia
- 63 vegetation transects in 9 different sites
- 493 orchid individuals cultivated at Sérédou, Guinea
- 5610 photos including 650 orchids



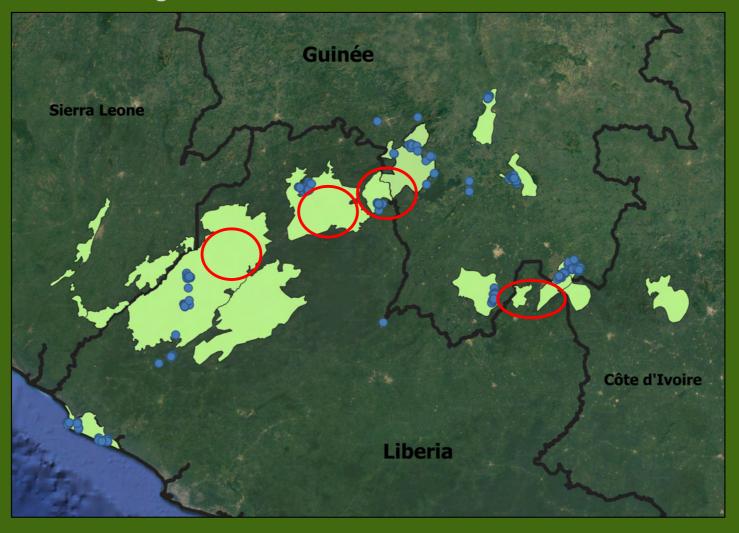








- Remoteness and difficult access: Wologizi, Wonegizi, Gola
- Border closing due to Covid: Nimba Liberia & West Nimba



- Identify threatened ecosystems and species:
 - 204 threatened species identified.
 - 150 assessed against Categories and Criteria of the IUCN Red List.
 - Example: Cyphostemma adamii.
 - Endemic to Liberia, known from 6 collections.
 - Endangered, assessment submitted to the Red List.







- Identify threatened ecosystems and species:
 - 87 ecosystems identified
 - 30 threatened ecosystems
 - Example: mare d'hivernage, Nimba. Critically Endangered.

 Montane saxicolous seasonal marsh grassland on ironstone





Update the KBA analysis:

- Done for the ecosystems, but not submitted to the KBA secretariat
- Still undergoing for species

KBA		Lowland superhumid (11010): EN		Lowland perhumid (12010): VU-EN		Submontane perhumid (22010): EN		Montane perhumid (32010): EN		Lowland humid (13010): EN (EN- CR)		Submontane humid (23010): VU (VU-EN)		Montane humid (33010): VU (VU- EN)	
Code	KBA Name	km²	% Global	km²	% Global	km²	% Global	km²	% Global	km²	% Global	km²	% Global	km²	% Global
SLE2	Kambui	0	0	204.4	0.3	0	0	0	0	0.2	0.0	0	0	0	0
SLE7	Tiwai	0	0	11.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SLE1	Gola	0	0	721.2	1.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LIB10	Piso	42.1	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LIB11	Lofa-Gola-Mano	0	0	4251.6	6.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LIB8	Kpelle	0	0	2089.6	3.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LIB16	Wologizi	0	0	1513.6	2.2	42.4	32.1	0.4	7.4	0	0	0	0	0	0
LIB17	Wonegizi	0	0	242.5	0.4	6.9	5.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
fw4		83.1	0.4	1049.3	1.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
fw5		123.8	0.6	1814.1	2.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
fw11		0	0	2424.8	3.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GIN8	Ziama	0	0	139.2	0.2	34.8	26.3	1.0	17.8	451.3	2.6	155.2	22.6	0.8	3.4
GIN2	Diéké	0	0	548.1	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LIB15	West Nimba	0	0	92.7	0.1	2.1	1.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LIB12	Nimba	0	0	93.1	0.1	19.7	14.9	0.9	16.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CIV8	Nimba transboundary	0	0	106.4	0.2	0	0	0	0	31.4	0.2	0	0	0	0
CIV14	Nimba integrale	0	0	44.2	0.1	9.7	7.4	1.4	25.4	0	0	0	0	0	0
GIN9	Nimba	0	0	23.1	0	13.6	10.3	1.8	32.9	48.6	0.3	14.6	2.1	2.0	8.2
GIN4	Bero	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	66.6	0.4	40.6	5.9	0	0
GIN10	Fon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	46.8	0.3	26.4	3.8	2.1	8.7
CIV7	Man	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	194.0	1.1	42.7	6.2	0	0
	TOT KBA	249.1	1.1	15369.3	22.8	129.1	97.8	5.5	99.5	838.9	4.9	279.5	40.7	4.9	20.4
	TOT West Africa	22453	100	67369	100	132	100	6	100	17030	100	687	100	24	100

Publish and broadcast results to the public and stakeholders:

- The report on the ecosystems of the two complexes was published.
- General information published.
- Information on the threatened species in the process of being published.

Assessment of Key Biodiversity Areas in the Lofa-Gola-Mano-Nimba complexes (West Africa) using ecosystem criteria

Final Report

Prepared by

Bruno Senterre, Ehoarn Bidault, Tariq Stévart & Porter P. Lowry II

Missouri Botanical Garden (MBG), Africa and Madagascar Department,
P.O. Box 299, 63166-0299, St. Louis, Missouri, USA
Tariq,stevart@mobot.org, +32 494632253



Prepared for Missouri Botanical Garden (MBG)

31st December 2020



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Le projet Zones Clés

Les espèces et habitats menacés ECOSYSTEM Les Plantes Menacées du Lofa-Gola-Mano & Nimba - Threatened Plants of Lofa-Gola-Mano & Nimba

cos Names Specimens References Projects Images More- Tools-

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Choose Project → English

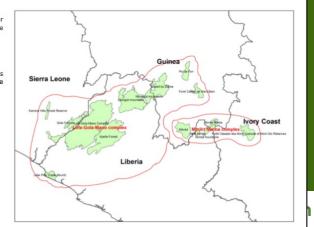
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Ce site web a été développé dans le cadre du projet de « Mise à jour des Zones Clés de Biodiversité pour les complexes de Lofa-Gola-Mano et des Monts Nimba », financé par le Critical Ecosystem Partnership Fund, et réalisé par le MBG.

En effet, les Zones Clés de Biodiversité (Key Biodiversity Areas, KBA) sont un outil développé par l'UICN pour identifier les zones d'importance pour la conservation sur base de seuils de présence de l'UICN. Basé sur le constat que les ZCB en Afrique de l'UCOset ont été majoritairement définies grâce à la présence d'espèces menacées animales, le MBC propose par ce projet de :

- · identifier la composante menacée des espèces de plantes et des habitats des ZCB existantes, afin de combler les lacunes de connaissances
- mettre à jour l'analyse de ces ZCB pour évaluer leur représentativité et leur potentiel de conservation des plantes et des habitats menacés

Ce site web a donc pour objectif de fournir à tous les intervenants utilisant le concept de ZCB ou nécessitant l'identification et la connaissance d'espèces ou d'habitats menacés pour développer leurs projets, des informations préliminaires sur les espèces végétales et les habitats menacés présents dans les deux complexes de Lofa-Gola-Mano et des Monts Nimba.





Participate in harmonizing the regional practices:

- Same techniques used in both countries
- Data recognized at the international level
- Increase visibility on the work accomplished









Reinforce local capacities:

- 4 technicians trained in Guinea
- 2 technicians trained in Liberia

Fieldwork methods: pressing and drying of herbarium collections





Reinforce local capacities:

- 4 technicians trained in Guinea
- 2 technicians trained in Liberia

Fieldwork methods: forested vegetation transects



Reinforce local capacities:

- 4 technicians trained in Guinea
- 2 technicians trained in Liberia

Management and maintenance of herbarium specimens and associated data at the Herbarium





Reinforce local capacities:

- 4 technicians trained in Guinea
- 2 technicians trained in Liberia

Orchid cultivation and scientific monitoring in a dedicated structure: the orchid shadehouse



Results obtained

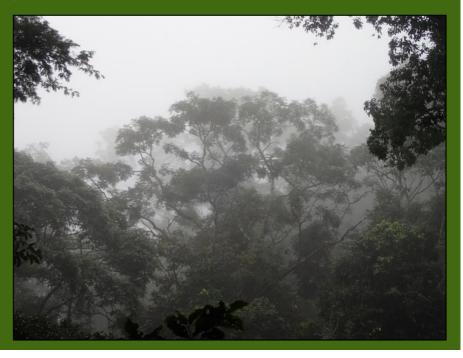
- 1000 to 2000 expected samples: 3814 specimens collected
- 2 students and 2 technicians SERG trained: <u>yes</u>, and 2 botanists in <u>Liberia</u>
- Local capacities reinforced
- Strengthen collaboration between 3 countries (LI, GN, SL): reinforced between Liberia and Guinea, collaboration with Sierra Leone still to be established
- Deeper knowledge of species and ecosystems



Results obtained

- A checklist of plant species for the 2 complexes
 - Identification still in progress. Dynamic checklists published online.
- Identification and description of the threatened habitats
 - Report Senterre 2020
- Identification of threatened species site by site, and publication on IUCN Red List
 - 56 threatened species assessed
- Leaflets and posters for the KBAs and the complexes
 - Currently in progress
- Compilation and broadcasting of data through a dedicated website
 - Currently being enriched





LBR10 Lake Piso



- Before the project:536 collections
- Now 838 (402 made by the project)
- 306 species incl. 134 collected by the project
- 11 pot. threatened species before the project
- Now 17

LBR10 Lake Piso



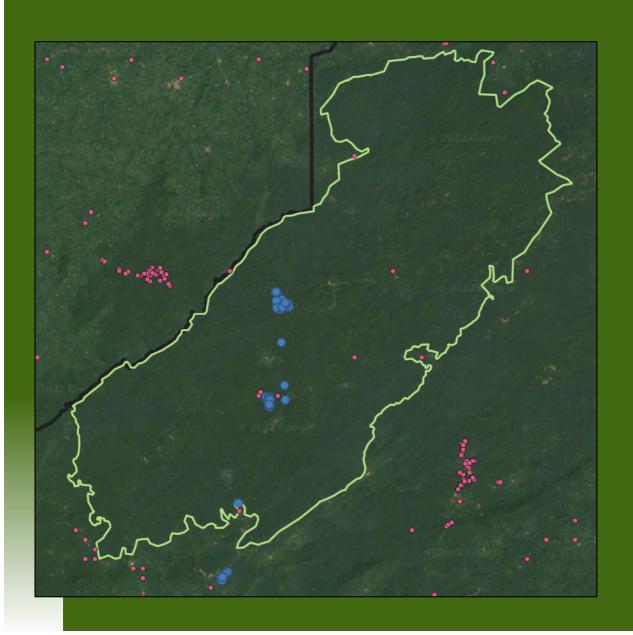


- Vepris laurifolia, Rutaceae
- Assessed as Critically Endangered on the Red List (2017)

- Open shrubby vegetation on backshore dunes
- Assessed as Data Deficient (Senterre, 2020), but very likely threatened



LBR11 Lofa-Mano Complex



- Before the project:599 collections
- Now 1372 (773 made by the project)
- 349 species including 232 collected by the project
- 10 pot. threatened species before the project
- Now 32

LBR11 Lofa-Mano Complex

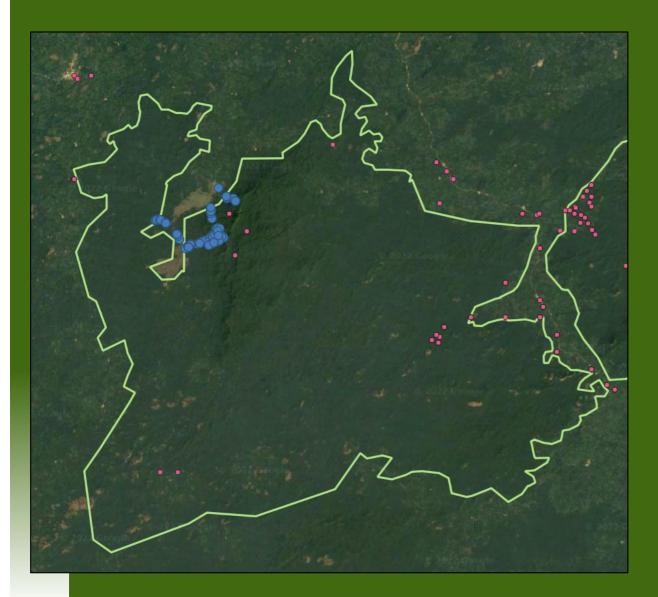
- Monocyclanthus vignei,
 Annonaceae
- Assessed as Endangered on the IUCN Red List (1998)





- Lowland ravine forest
- Assessed as Vulnerable (Senterre, 2020)

LBR16 Wologizi Mountains



- before the project: 530 collections
- Now 921 (391 made by the project)
- 341 species including 148 collected by the project
- 9 pot. threatened species before the project
- Now 18

LBR16 Wologizi Mountains

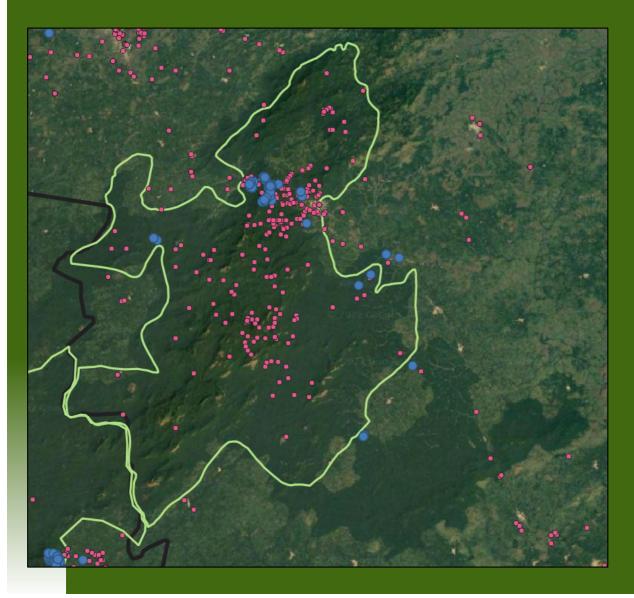
- Napoleonaea alata
- Assessed as Endangered (2019)





- Submontane mesic forest
- Wologizi contains 32%
- Assessed as Endangered (Senterre 2020)

GIN8 Massif du Ziama



- Before the project: 367
 collections
- Now 998 (553 made by the project)
- 420 species including 202 collected by the project
- 44 pot. threatened species before the project
- Now 39

GIN8 Massif du Ziama



Photo: Pepe Haba

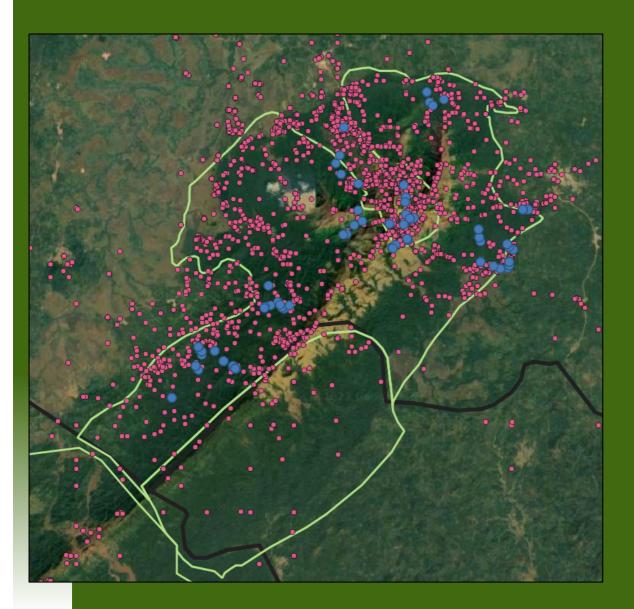


- Inversodicraea pepehabai
- Assessed as Endangered on the IUCN Red List (2018)



- Submontane swampy forests
- Assessed as Endangered (Senterre, 2020)

GIN9 Monts Nimba



- Before the project, ca. 5300 collections
- Now ca. 5600 (284 by the project)
- Why? Transects
- 1244 species including 128 collected by the project
- 117 threatened species, potentially 240 if we take IUCN Criteria A into account
- Baseline SMFG and historical collections: best known site

GIN9 Monts Nimba



- Submontane saxicolous forest on crust
- Assessed as Critically Endangered (Senterre 2020)

- Impatiens nzoana
- Assessed as Endangered (2019)



Case study: freshwater ecosystems, Podostemaceae



- Aquatic plant family growing on rocks in rapids or waterfalls.
- Family largely unknown in Liberia, slightly more in Guinea
- High diversity, species often threatened





Case study: freshwater ecosystems, Podostemaceae





- Species threatened hydroelectric projects, water pollution, artisanal gold mining.
- Present at least on Mano,
 Loffa & Saint Paul rivers
- In Guinea, also present on smaller forest rivers
- Freshwater KBA. Ramsar sites?

First conclusions and challenges to overcome

- Strong heterogeneity in the baseline knowledge
 - The project allowed to start filling some gaps
- Some data unaccessible
 - Old collections, or recent but never made public
- Standardization is necessary
 - All collected data and some old data were put into a single system to facilitate analysis









